

Senators	FY2000 official mail allocation	Senate quarterly mass mail volumes and costs for the quarter ending 06/30/00			
		Total pieces	Pieces per capita	Total cost	Cost per capita
Daschle .....	32,185	0	0	0.00	0
DeWine .....	131,970	0	0	0.00	0
Dodd .....	56,424	0	0	0.00	0
Domenici .....	42,547	0	0	0.00	0
Dorgan .....	31,320	0	0	0.00	0
Durbin .....	130,125	0	0	0.00	0
Edwards .....	103,736	0	0	0.00	0
Enzi .....	30,044	0	0	0.00	0
Feingold .....	74,483	0	0	0.00	0
Feinstein .....	305,476	0	0	0.00	0
Fitzgerald .....	130,125	0	0	0.00	0
Frist .....	78,239	0	0	0.00	0
Gorton .....	81,115	320,000	0.06575	59,397.50	0.01220
Graham .....	185,464	0	0	0.00	0
Gramm .....	205,051	1,215	0.00007	955.70	0.00006
Grass .....	69,241	156,322	0.03573	31,676.86	0.00724
Grassley .....	52,904	0	0	0.00	0
Gregg .....	36,828	0	0	0.00	0
Hagel .....	40,964	0	0	0.00	0
Harkin .....	52,904	0	0	0.00	0
Hatch .....	42,413	0	0	0.00	0
Helms .....	103,736	0	0	0.00	0
Hollings .....	62,273	0	0	0.00	0
Hutchinson .....	51,203	0	0	0.00	0
Hutchison .....	205,051	0	0	0.00	0
Ihofe .....	58,884	0	0	0.00	0
Inouye .....	35,277	0	0	0.00	0
Jeffords .....	31,251	0	0	0.00	0
Johnson .....	32,185	0	0	0.00	0
Kennedy .....	82,915	0	0	0.00	0
Kerrey .....	40,964	0	0	0.00	0
Kerry .....	82,915	1,135	0.00019	1,003.91	0.00017
Kohl .....	74,483	0	0	0.00	0
Kyl .....	71,855	0	0	0.00	0
Landrieu .....	66,941	0	0	0.00	0
Lautenberg .....	97,508	0	0	0.00	0
Leahy .....	31,251	16,630	0.02955	4,088.94	0.00727
Levin .....	114,766	0	0	0.00	0
Lieberman .....	56,424	0	0	0.00	0
Lincoln .....	51,203	1,530	0.00065	390.05	0.00017
Lott .....	51,320	1,515	0.00059	1,411.99	0.00055
Lugar .....	80,377	0	0	0.00	0
Mack .....	185,464	0	0	0.00	0
McCain .....	71,855	0	0	0.00	0
McConnell .....	63,969	0	0	0.00	0
Mikulski .....	73,160	0	0	0.00	0
Moinihan .....	184,012	0	0	0.00	0
Murkowski .....	31,184	0	0	0.00	0
Murray .....	81,115	0	0	0.00	0
Nickles .....	58,884	0	0	0.00	0
Reed .....	34,703	0	0	0.00	0
Reid .....	43,209	0	0	0.00	0
Robb .....	89,627	0	0	0.00	0
Roberts .....	50,118	6,042	0.00244	4,754.74	0.00192
Rockefeller .....	43,239	0	0	0.00	0
Roth .....	32,277	0	0	0.00	0
Santorum .....	139,016	0	0	0.00	0
Sarbanes .....	73,160	0	0	0.00	0
Schumer .....	184,012	0	0	0.00	0
Sessions .....	68,176	0	0	0.00	0
Shelby .....	68,176	0	0	0.00	0
Smith, Gordon .....	58,557	0	0	0.00	0
Smith, Robert .....	36,828	0	0	0.00	0
Snowe .....	38,329	0	0	0.00	0
Specter .....	139,016	0	0	0.00	0
Stevens .....	31,184	0	0	0.00	0
Thomas .....	30,044	0	0	0.00	0
Thompson .....	78,239	0	0	0.00	0
Thurmond .....	62,273	0	0	0.00	0
Torricelli .....	97,508	0	0	0.00	0
Voinovich .....	131,970	0	0	0.00	0
Warner .....	89,627	0	0	0.00	0
Wellstone .....	69,241	0	0	0.00	0
Wyden .....	58,557	0	0	0.00	0
Totals .....	7,594,942	511,759	0.14229	107,644.26	0.03350

### CONSERVATION AND REINVESTMENT ACT

Ms. LANDRIEU. Mr. President, a letter from the National Governors' Association on September 27th to the majority leader of the Senate expresses the National Governors' Association's views that any final version of the Conservation and Reinvestment Act (CARA) legislation include stable funding and a strong commitment to the states by reinvesting Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) mineral revenues into assets of lasting value and sharing a meaningful portion of these revenues with states and territories. In addition, the letter points out that the essential strengths of CARA are that it assures a dependable stream of funding which enables states to implement long-term

capital investments and to develop cost-effective fiscal strategies.

I ask unanimous consent to print the letter in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the letter was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

NATIONAL GOVERNORS' ASSOCIATION,  
Washington, DC, September 27, 2000.

Hon. TRENT LOTT,

Senate Majority Leader, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.

DEAR SENATOR LOTT: The nation's Governors support legislation that both wisely reinvests Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) mineral revenues into assets of lasting value and shares a meaningful portion of these revenues with states and territories. We have previously endorsed H.R. 701, the Conservation and Reinvestment Act (CARA), but recognize that alternatives are being considered. We urge that any final legislation allocating OCS revenues include stable funding and a strong commitment to the states.

As new proposals are floated, we hope that you will remember the essential strengths of CARA. CARA assures a dependable stream of funding. This enables states to implement long-term capital investments and to develop cost-effective fiscal strategies. Being subjected to the annual appropriations process will not provide the stability necessary for states to take advantage of low-interest bonds, enter into voluntary conservation agreements with private landowners, and invest in long-term programs to recover declining species. A one-year appropriation to state programs simply will not address concerns.

CARA also focuses on conserving and preserving both federal and state assets. Parks, estuaries, wildlife, and historical properties are not limited to federal lands. A meaningful share of the Outer Continental Shelf revenues should be shared with the states and territories so that investments in the conservation of America can occur in a comprehensive manner. This hallmark of CARA is the investment of resources and the empowerment of states to set their own priorities, particularly as they respond to federal mandates and fulfill state environmental goals. These fundamental elements must be incorporated into any final legislation.

As you know, Representative Norman D. Dicks (D-Wash.) recently proposed a "Lands Legacy Trust" fund amendment to the fiscal 2001 Interior appropriations conference report. Many Governors perceive the Dicks amendment as a departure from the principles of CARA. The Dicks amendment does not guarantee an increase in net funding or guarantee full funding for conservation programs.

The reported CARA compromise reached by congressional leaders on September 26th is an approach that more closely resembles the principles of CARA. This proposal has the support of the National Governors' Association (NGA) and should be strongly considered as a viable option as negotiations proceed.

On behalf of NGA, we urge that any final legislation allocating OCS revenues address the concerns we have raised. We appreciate your efforts to conserve the nation's most valuable resources by creating a lasting and comprehensive legacy for the American people and future generations.

Sincerely,

GOVERNOR THOMAS J.

WILSACK,

Chair, Committee on Natural Resources.

GOVERNOR FRANK KEATING,

Vice Chair, Committee on Natural Resources.

### THE VERY BAD DEBT BOXSCORE

Mr. HELMS. Mr. President, at the close of business yesterday, Wednesday, September 27, 2000, the Federal debt stood at \$5,650,215,693,123.45, five trillion, six hundred fifty billion, two hundred fifteen million, six hundred ninety-three thousand, one hundred twenty-three dollars and forty-five cents.

One year ago, September 27, 1999, the Federal debt stood at \$5,641,248,000,000, five trillion, six hundred forty-one billion, two hundred forty-eight million.

Five years ago, September 27, 1995, the Federal debt stood at \$4,955,603,000,000, four trillion, nine hundred fifty-five billion, six hundred three million.

Ten years ago, September 27, 1990, the Federal debt stood at \$3,217,914,000,000, three trillion, two hundred seventeen billion, nine hundred fourteen million.

Fifteen years ago, September 27, 1985, the Federal debt stood at \$1,823,103,000,000, one trillion, eight hundred twenty-three billion, one hundred three million, which reflects a debt increase of close to \$4 trillion—\$3,827,112,693,123.45, three trillion, eight hundred twenty-seven billion, one hundred twelve million, six hundred ninety-three thousand, one hundred twenty-three dollars and forty-five cents, during the past 15 years.

### ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

#### 300TH ANNIVERSARY OF ST. DAVID'S CHURCH AND ST. PETER'S CHURCH

• Mr. SANTORUM. Mr. President, I rise today to recognize the 300th anniversary of St. David's Church in Berwyn, Pennsylvania and St. Peter's Church in the Great Valley, near Paoli, Pennsylvania. The two parishes were established in 1700 as mission churches of the historic Christ Church, Philadelphia to serve those that settled Chester County.

Philadelphia is where so many of our Founders came together to deliberate, sign the Declaration of Independence and fight in battles during the Revolutionary War. Both churches, now nationally registered landmarks, were involved in the war. St. David's parish sent forth General Anthony Wayne to fight with General Washington, and St. Peter's served as a field hospital for soldiers that were wounded.

For 300 years—longer than we have been a nation—these two churches have been vital elements of the communities in which they reside and serve. Governor Tom Ridge recently selected St. Peter's Church, a registered historical landmark, as the site for the signing of Pennsylvania's "Growing Greener" bill.

On October 21, 2000 these two churches will hold a combined anniversary celebration at St. Peter's Church in the Great Valley. The celebration will feature historic symposia, period food and